#### **#VoicesForChange2021**

February 9-11, 2021 | 10 am to 1 pm | https://bit.ly/34F52tP





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California Association of
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Sacramento Native American Health
Center



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Vision y Compromiso



HEALTH CARE ADAPTION IN THE FACE OF GLOBAL PANDEMIC: WHAT CAN WE LEARN FROM THE RAPID ADOPTION OF TELEHEALTH?



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**#VoicesForChange2021** 



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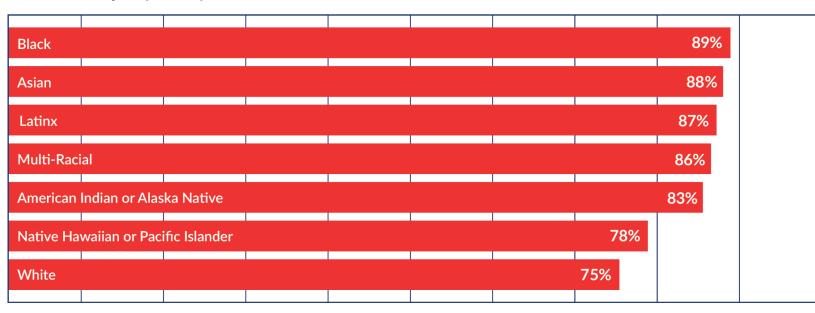




- March 2020: First statewide Stay-Home order issued
  - Many health care services suddenly transitioned to telehealth to minimize in-person contact
  - Sudden increase in overall volume of telehealth visits: 0.5% of all visits to nearly 55% of all visits in May
- September 2020: CPEHN surveys diverse consumer groups about telehealth experiences
  - Assess levels of satisfaction
  - Compare and contrast experience to in-person visits
  - Identify barriers and issues
- December 2020: Publish report on health equity and telehealth, "Equity in the Age of Telehealth: Considerations for California Policymakers"







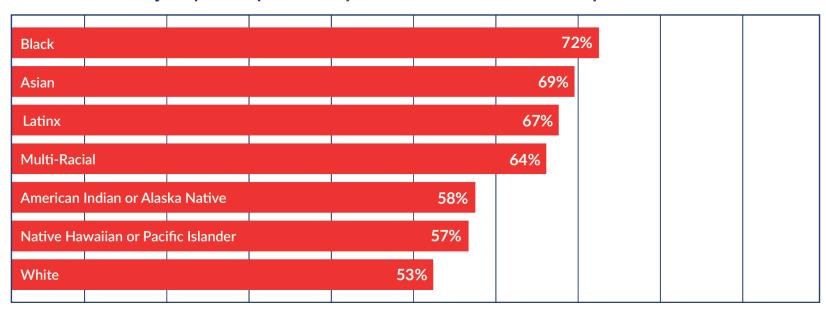
Percentage of respondents who were at least "Somewhat Satisfied"





### Diverse Consumers Also Preferred Telehealth Over In-Person Visits

Majority of respondents prefer telehealth over an in-person visit.

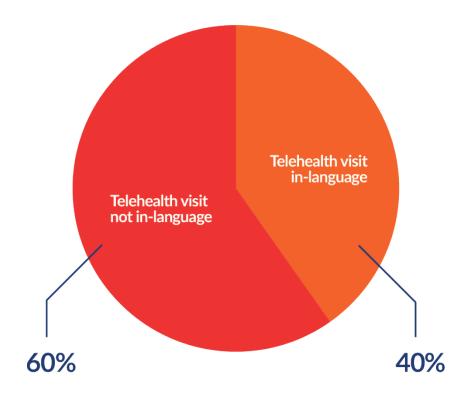


Percentage of respondents who prefer telehealth over an in-person visit



#### However, Telehealth Has Not Closed Language Access Gaps

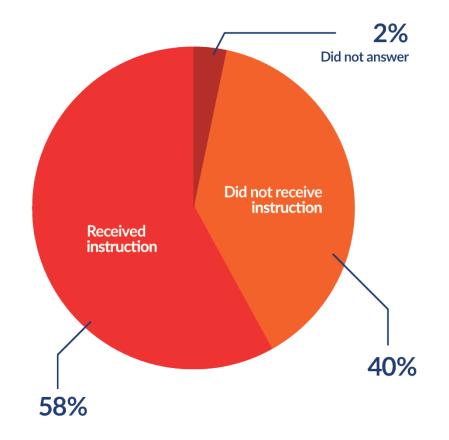
Most limited English proficient respondents could not access an in-language telehealth provider.





### Consumers Are Not Getting Clear Information on How to Prepare for Telehealth Visits

Many consumers did not receive instruction on how to prepare for or access their telehealth appointment.





### Other Barriers to Care Exist for Diverse Consumers

- Privacy: Over 30% of Asian, American Indian/Alaskan Native and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander respondents did not have a private place to be during their telehealth appointment.
- ► **Technology:** 62% of Latinx respondents did not have a strong enough internet connection for telehealth, and 57% did not have enough cell phone minutes.





- 1. Study and evaluate diverse consumer experiences and needs
- 2. Ensure adequate investment in consumer education, care coordination and appropriate patient tools and supports
- 3. Ensure access to culturally and linguistically appropriate care
- 4. Support expanded and universal access to technology
- 5. Ensure adequate consumer protections







## **Connected Care Accelerator**

The goal of this program is to provide a testing ground & support for organizations to rapidly design, test and share solutions to effectively care for patients using virtual care strategies.



Identify the biggest challenges & opportunities to strengthen population health management, build virtual care teams, and address how to engage patients with digital barriers.

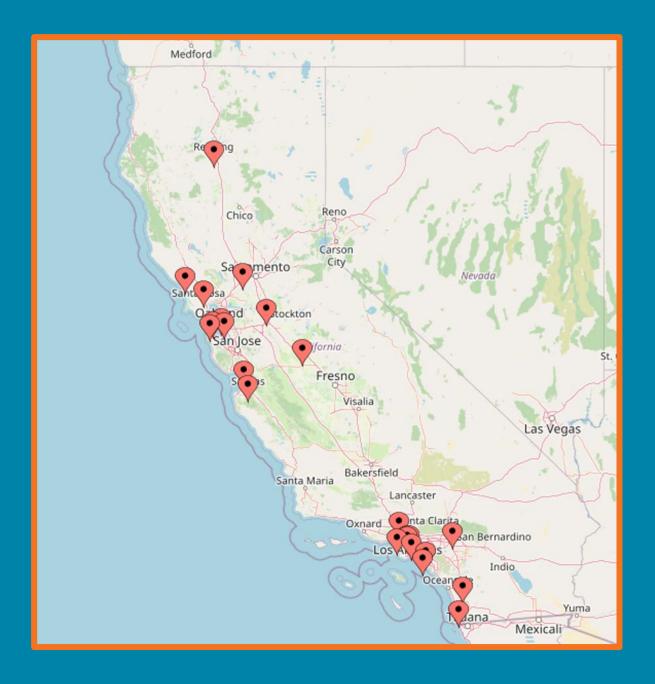


Identify and test virtual care delivery changes to better understand the infrastructure, data, staff, and skills necessary to support these changes.



Uncover, document and share best practices to effectively manage patient populations.





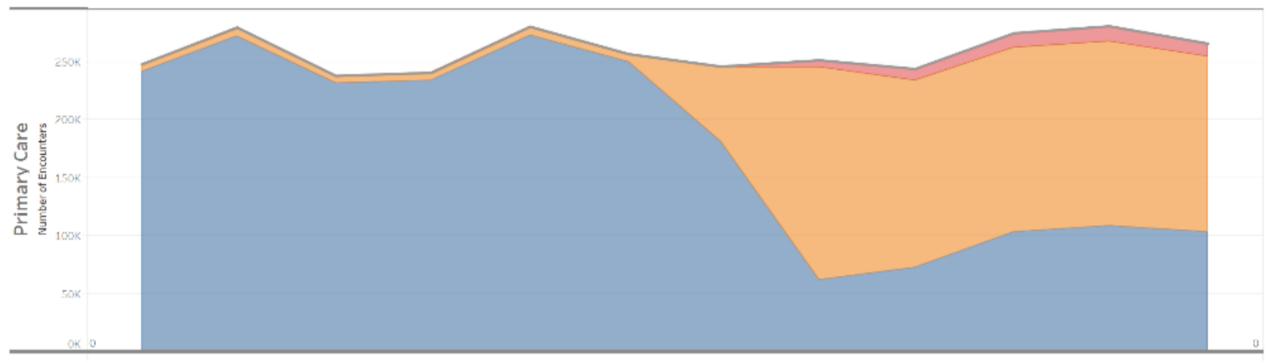
#### **Participating Orgs**

- 1. Alameda Health System
- 2. CommuniCare Health Centers
- 3. Community Medical Centers
- 4. County of Monterey
- 5. Eisner Health
- 6. Golden Valley Health Centers
- 7. Los Angeles County Department of Health Services
- 8. Neighborhood Healthcare
- 9. North East Medical Services
- 10. Northeast Valley Health Corporation
- 11. Petaluma Health Center
- 12. Roots Community Health Center
- 13. SAC Health System
- 14. Salud Para La Gente
- 15. San Francisco Health Network
- 16. San Ysidro Health
- 17. Serve the People
- 18. Share Our Selves Corporation
- 19. Shasta Community Health Center
- 20. University Muslim Medical Association Inc (UMMA Clinic)
- 21. Venice Family Clinic
- 22. West County Health Centers
- 23. White Memorial Community Health Center

#### Encounters over time, segmented by modality



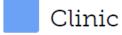
All visits over time, September 2019 - August 2020



- Health centers rapidly transitioned from in-person visits to virtual care, consisting mostly of phone visits
- During Mar-Aug 2020, 94% of telehealth visits were phone visits and 6% were video visits; Higher percentage of video visits for Behavioral health vs primary care
- No clear variation in utilization of telehealth by race, ethnicity, age or language access; greater use
  of video for those where English is preferred language







## Biggest Challenges we are addressing in shift to virtual

Leadership support for video visits. New way of working into the future

Provider and Staff Buy-in and capabilities re: video visits (including tech optimization)

Developing new workflows, care team roles and supporting structures & technology

Supporting patients in using technology including digital literacy, language barriers & access to wi-fi and connected devices

Sustaining virtual care reimbursement (especially phone, which is not looking likely in CA)



#### Examples of best practices for virtual



**Workflows & Scripts**: Adding digital equity screen during check-in; Adapting screening tools to be completed before the visit; Developing scripts for MA, RN's and all team members to reinforce importance / value of video visits



Preparing the Patient: Creating instructional videos; Conducting group zoom classes for RPM & education; Patient onboarding prior to visit to help with tech concerns and new type of visit



**New Roles:** Tech advocates and volunteers used to prep patients and support technology needs; Using zoom rooms for different care team members to engage with patients



**Optimizing use of technology:** Leverage patient portals to increase patient engagement for visits; Leverage text messaging for outreach and remote monitoring devices to connect with patients with chronic conditions

#### **TOOLS & RESOURCES**





# Reimbursing FQHCs for Telehealth Post-COVID-19 Pandemic: Medi-Cal's Options

AUTHOR Rafael A. Gomez, Pacific Health Consulting Group

#### TELEMEDICINE FOR HEALTH EQUITY





## Considerations for virtual care into the future



Still need better approaches to address challenges in supporting patients with using technology; especially those with interpreter needs, digital literacy and hard to reach populations



Virtual care provides new access points for care and needs to be sustained beyond pandemic. Recent DHCS policy recommendations won't support phone.



Continue to share promising practices & building evidence so we don't reinvent the wheel. Create connections with learning initiatives & documenting successes.







#### Telehealth Implementation

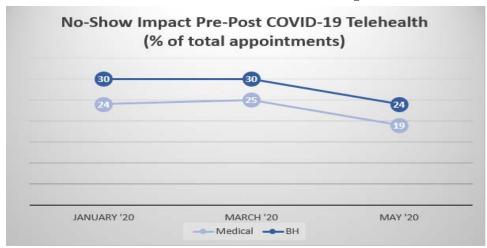
Britta Guerrero, CEO

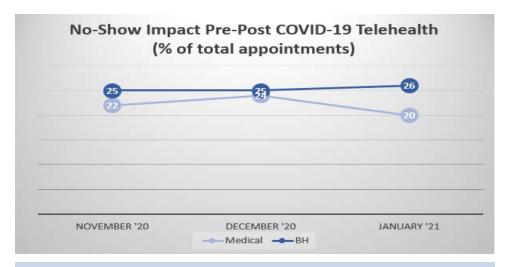
#### Benefits

- Removal of Barriers: childcare, transportation, anxiety, etc.
- Reduction in wait times
- Specialty access
- Linking medical and non-medical appointments
- Patient safety during COVID-19: elders and patients with complex and chronic conditions
- Decrease burden on Emergency Rooms



#### Telehealth Impacts





This accounts only for no-show rates without reflecting impacts of Same-Day Appointments



#### Opportunities

- Telecommunications Infrastructure (Health Centers and Patients)
- Quality Considerations (Benchmarks/Outcomes monitoring)
- Temporary Approval State of Emergency
- Patient Confidentiality Concerns
- Malpractice and Liability Policy Inclusion
- Healthcare Workforce Shortages



#### Recommendations for Expansion

- Ensuring service parity and payment parity for telemedicine care as compared to in-person care, to help expand covered services for patients, and incentivize clinicians to provide this model of care
- Ensuring patients can access telemedicine services from their homes (home as "originating site") to further enable social distancing practices
- Allowing use of audio-only phone for telemedicine visits to help ensure access for patients who do not have live-video technology
- Investing in telecommunications infrastructure for less-resourced sites of care, and ensuring internet access to patients in rural areas. This may involve providing direct funding for health systems and smaller practices to implement telemedicine
- Maintain the creativity and flexibility of COVID-Time systems changes







#### Thank You!



## Health Care Adaption in the Face of the Pandemic

Lessons learned from rapid adoption of telehealth

Sarah Hesketh Senior Vice President, External Affairs, CAPH February 9, 2021

#### California's 21 Public Health Care Systems



- Alameda Health System
- Contra Costa Regional Medical Center
- Kern Medical
- LA County Department of Public Health Services
  - Harbor/UCLA Medical Center
  - LAC+USC Medical Center
  - Olive View/UCLA Medical Center
  - Ranchos Los Amigos National Rehabilitation
- Natividad Medical Center
- Riverside University Health
   System
- Arrowhead Regional Medical Center

- San Francisco Department of Public Health
  - Zuckerberg San Francisco General Hospital and Trauma Center
  - Laguna Honda Hospital and Rehabilitation Center
- San Joaquin General Hospital
- San Mateo Medical Center
- County of Santa Clara Health System
- Ventura County Health Care Center
- UC Health
  - UC Davis Health
  - UCI Health
  - UC San Diego Health
  - UCSF Health
  - UCLA Health

#### Transition to Telehealth – Spring 2020



- Rapid switch to telehealth, limited in-person visits
  - Prior to telehealth, few systems were using telehealth consistently as part of their care to patients
  - Initial ramp up was very focused on just getting something going – identifying ways to quickly get up and running
    - For example: different clinics or departments created their own telehealth workflows and processes. Now moving toward a system-wide standard with an overarching strategy
  - Heavy focus on phone, allowed for a quick transition since many systems didn't have the video technology



#### Create a More Standardized Structure

#### Optimizing workflows

 Supporting warm handoffs with the care team, includes pre-work prior to appointments, follow up after patient appointments, coordination with specialists, nutritionist, behavioral health and others



#### • Identifying support needs for patients:

- 24/7 support lines to help patients get on to video platforms and prepare for upcoming appointments
- Redeploying staff as "tech advocates" to call patients, help them sign up for the patient portal and how to use the video platform

#### Designing and implementing video platforms

- Majority of telehealth visits are over the phone
- Our systems are in various stages of this process, some won't be fully up and running for a little while



#### **Benefits of Telehealth**

#### Improving access to care

- Telehealth has been critical in helping our providers stay in contact with their patients
  - Types of visits that have been most effective "talking visits"
- Reduction in "no-show" rates
- Some providers report seeing patients that they could never get to go into the clinic

#### More efficient for patients

 Easier to connect with a provider or care team at home or during a patient's lunch break

#### Improvements in Quality

 One system reported better blood sugar control for their patients in the diabetes management program (compared to pre-pandemic) once their touch points shifted to over the phone





Dr. Rakhi Singh, San Mateo Medical Center, conducts virtual visit



#### Challenges

- Limitations with Video
  - Many patients prefer phone over video for a variety of reasons:
    - Limited data plans
    - Internet access challenges
    - Lack of comfort accessing the patient portal/video platform
  - Public health care systems have increased support to patients, but phone will continue to be an important modality going forward
- Strengthening Interpreter Services
  - Systems have robust interpreter programs but working to seamlessly integrate interpretation with video visits
- **Time limited-** what telehealth services will be available after the public health emergency ends?



## Patient Story: Below-the-Knee Amputation Averted

- 85-year-old patient scheduled for an in-person visit in early April to assess toe infection
- Appointment was converted to telehealth due to the pandemic, video and phone available
  - Provider encouraged video to be able to see the infection
- Staff support: pre-calls to confirm the appointment and assistance with accessing video technology
- Video visit: Concern the patient's toe was developing gangrene
  - Shared pictures from the video visit with the podiatrist, which led to an in-person visit the next day.



Patient treated by Dr. Stanley Patterson, family medicine practitioner, Ventura County Health Care Agency

 Unfortunately, the patient's toe was amputated, but the quick response prevented him from losing his foot



#### What does telehealth look like beyond 2021?

- Ensure telehealth is available
  - Telehealth has become a core part of what we do, critical access point for patients that must be maintained
- Standardize and streamline telehealth in a post-pandemic environment
  - What is the right mix of telehealth and in-person visits?
  - Strengthen workflows and coordination
- Identify additional support needs for patients as video platforms expand
  - Advice lines, tech support, etc.
- Collect data, identify gaps and reduce disparities
  - How does telehealth impact quality and patient health outcomes?
  - What more can we learn about patient preferences in accessing care?
  - How can we telehealth be used to reduce disparities?







# The Promotor Model for Community Transformation and Wellbeing

Maria Lemus, Executive Director February 9, 2021

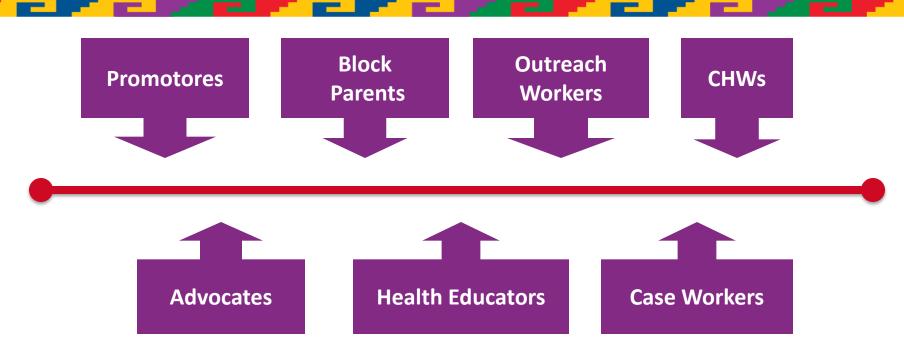
## PROMOTORES THROUGHOUT HISTORY



# WHO ARE PROMOTORES?



## **PROMOTORES ARE...**



They may have diverse roles and functions.





"Many of us are leaders in our community. We are compassionate and have this desire to serve. We don't just work at an office from 9 to 6. No, we live in the community. And we have to be able to go and talk to people who are in need late at night or during the day—whenever they need it.

This is the work and we give it with our hearts."

## THE COMMUNITY TRANSFORMATIONAL MODEL

If the promotor model is allowed to function according to the theory of change, promotores will:

BUILD EGALITARIAN RELATIONSHIPS

SHARE INFORMATION

MOTIVATE COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Increase individual and family health

"Many of us are leaders in our community. We are compassionate and have this desire to serve. We don't just work at an office from 9 to 6. We live in the community and we have to be able to go and talk to people who are in need late at night or during the day—whenever they need it. This is the work and we give it with our hearts."

## **HEALTH EQUITY & SOCIAL DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH**

Health equity is achieved when "every person has the opportunity to 'attain his or her full health potential' and no one is disadvantaged from achieving this potential because of social position or other socially determined circumstances."

There are many factors that affect the ability to achieve health equity, including the circumstances in which people are born, grow, live, work, and age, as well as the systems in place to deal with illness, which are known as social determinants of health.

These, in turn, influence safety and adequacy of housing, air and water quality, crime rates, behavioral health, and access to preventive health care.

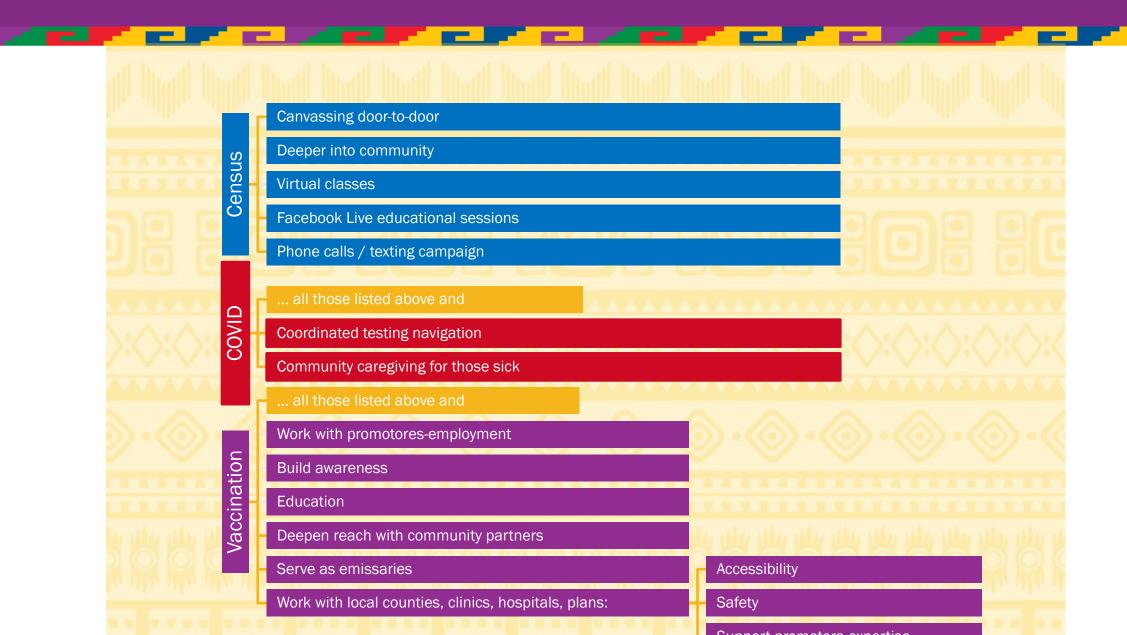
Census

COVID

Vaccination

Promotores can influence social determinants of health including: Income Education **Employment status** Transporation Housing Health care Exposure to pollution

## **OUR CHALLENGE. OUR OPPORTUNITY**



## PROMOTORES ADDRESSING COVID 19

- Partnered with California Community Foundation and Department of Public Health.
- Hired and trained a team of 23 Promotores.
- Training topics on COVID 19 safety protocols; handwashing, social distancing and appropriate use of Personal Protective Equipment.
- Main target areas: San Fernando Valley and Southeast Los Angeles.



## **METHODS OF OUTREACH**



- □ Promotores conducted 4740 Outreach Activities during 7 weeks (November and December 2020) through:
  - In Person Individual Outreach
  - In Person Venue Outreach
  - Virtual Group Meeting
  - Virtual Individual Outreach



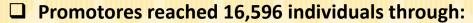






## **METHODS OF OUTREACH**





- Interaction with small businesses
- Food distribution (food baskets or in line)
- Info Tables in front of establishments
- Door to door
- Phone calling and texting
- Social Media: Facebook Lives
- Virtual Presentations









## ADOPTED METHODS OF COMMUNITY EDUCATION

## Vision y Compromiso reaches thousands of individuals through different platforms:

### **Phone calls and Texts:**

- Calls and texts are made one by one.
- Promotores provide support with COVID testing site appointments and contact tracing follow up.

### **Social Media:**

 Facebook Lives, Webinars and radio interviews to provide up-to-date information around COVID precautions, testing and contact tracing.

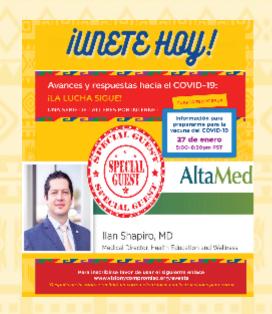
### **Virtual Presentations:**

 Holistic approach to address other COVID onset issues; mental health and social connections.

## **Ongoing support to Promotores:**

- Training on technical and virtual platforms, such as Facebook Live and Zoom.
- Constant research and collaborations with other social services to create a network of resources.
- Capacity building on facilitation skills, phone banking techniques, data collection.





## **OUR CHALLENGE. OUR OPPORTUNITY**



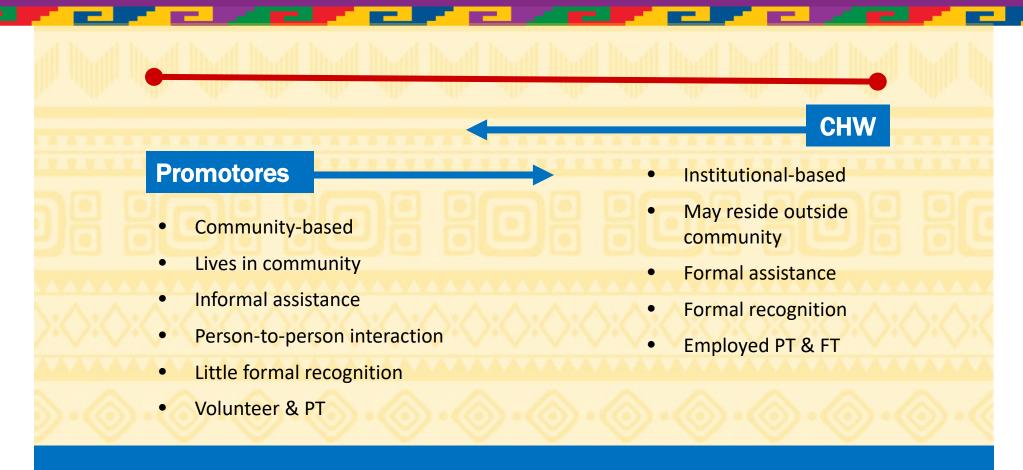


"It is not just the promotora who must fit the organization, but the organization must fit the cultural values of the community-based model too.

Organizations who truly understand promotores use popular education methodology appropriate for the community transformational model. Core competencies are also linked to the model. System readiness means you already have in place values and principles to support the model and you understand what the model needs to be successful."

—San Diego County

## PROMOTOR/CHW PRACTICE



"We are promotoras, community leaders, community health workers, community health advocates, community health outreach workers, family health workers, navigators, and many more. But the principles and values we use in this model are the same. Mostly, we all focus on the needs of the community. It is the funding that creates professional separation and drives the title."

## **KEY ROLES OF PROMOTORES IN COMMUNITY HEALTH**



## **HOW DO WE GET THERE?**

**SUPPORT** the integration of the promotor model across sectors to support community training and base building **CONTINUE INTEGRATE** the promotor model at the local, county, and state levels the capacity of community based organizations with **SUPPORT** historical success in supporting promotores innovative mechanisms to fund to community based **DEVELOP** programs community capacity to engage with local, county and state **BUILD** agencies



# Working Towards a Healthy and Dignified Life

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Q&A





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